

MA/M.Sc. GEOGRAPHY
SECOND SEMESTER
GEOGRAPHY OF RURAL AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT
MGE-203

Duration : 3 hrs.

Full Marks: 70

(PART-A: Objective)

Time : 20 min.

Marks : 20

Choose the correct answer from the following:

1X20=20

1. According to _____, rural development means, "A strategy designed to improve the economic and social life of the people".
 - a. World Bank
 - b. Reserve Bank of India
 - c. NABARD
 - d. Asian bank
2. Which of the following topographical features encourages the development of elongated compact settlement?
 - a. Marshy land
 - b. Levee land
 - c. Hill Top
 - d. Dissected plateau
3. Panchayati Raj system introduced in India through
 - a. 71st Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 - b. 72nd Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 - c. 73rd Amendment of the Indian Constitution
 - d. 74th Amendment of the Indian Constitution
4. Which of the following human activities remains more predominant in the rural settlement?
 - a. Primary activities
 - b. Secondary activities
 - c. Tertiary activities
 - d. None of these
5. Which of the following Indian Geographer has more contributions in the field of settlement geography?
 - a. M. Shafi
 - b. R. B. Singh
 - c. P. Dayal
 - d. R. L. Singh
6. Which is not a feature of urban life?
 - a. loss of humanistic value
 - b. Impersonal relationship
 - c. Informal ties
 - d. Competition
7. Mark the earliest Indian civilization
 - a. Rg- vedic phase
 - b. Banwali
 - c. Indus valley
 - d. None of the above
8. Which of the following is not one of the features of urban community?
 - a. Face to face relationships
 - b. complex life
 - c. Materialistic
 - d. Glamour in life
9. Social distance in a city is due to

- a. The size of city
c. The social heterogeneity
- b. the distance between residences
d. The traffic problem in city
10. Who has given the concept of urban fringe?
a. M.N. Srinivas
c. S.C Dube
- b. K.M. Kapadia
d. None of these
11. C.B.D. is related to which part of the city?
a. Outer part
c. Central business area
- b. Middle part
d. Residential area
12. Primate city is:
a. Main city
c. Hamlet
- b. Suburb
d. Subsidiary city
13. Concentric Zone Theory of Urban growth is propounded by:
a. Weber
c. H. Hoyt
- b. Burgess
d. R.E. Dickson
14. Functions of cities are not to serve the interests of
a. City people
c. People of umland
- b. People of suburbs
d. People of far-off areas
15. Counterurbanisation was defined by
a. Champion in 1989
c. Champion in 1979
- b. Berry in 1976
d. Berry in 1989
16. The most vulnerable social groups for poverty are:
a. Scheduled Tribes
c. Rural Agricultural Labourers
- b. Urban Casual Labourers
d. Scheduled Castes
17. Which of the following is not considered as a social indicator of poverty?
a. Less no. of means of transport
c. Lack of access to health care
- b. Illiteracy level
d. Lack of job opportunities
18. Which of the following is not a valid reason for the poverty alleviation programme in India?
a. Lack of proper implementation
c. Corruption at the highest level
- b. Lack of right targeting
d. Overlapping of schemes
19. Which one of these is not a cause of poverty in India?
a. Low level of economic development
c. Income inequalities
- b. Migration of people from rural to urban India
d. Unequal distribution of land
20. By which year governments are aiming to meet the Millennium Development Goals including halving the rate of global poverty?
a. 2011
c. 2045
- b. 2015
d. 2035

(PART-B : Descriptive)

Time: 2 HRS 40 MINS

Marks : 50

[Answer question no.(1) & any four (4) from the rest]

1. Discuss spatial and ecological approaches of rural geography. 5+5=10
2. Describe the basic infrastructures for rural development 10
3. Write about the origin and evolution of urban settlements with the distribution of urban centers. 4+4+2=10
4. Write short note (any two) 5+5=10
 - i) Urban transportation
 - ii) Major issues of urban planning and management
 - iii) Characteristics of smart city
5. What do you understand by urban hierarchies? Critically explain Central Place theory. 3+7=10
6. Write the theories of Urban structure by- 5+5=10
 - a. Burgess
 - b. H. Hoyt
7. Define Poverty. Describe the causes and remedies of poverty. 2+4+4=10
8. What do you mean by slum? Describe the causes and remedies of slum. 2+4+4=10

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